

Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

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501.03 Catastrophic Risk Insurance

501.03A Generally

Requirements

If a Property is in an area prone to Catastrophic Events, it must have the coverages required by this Section 501.03.

501.03B Windstorm Insurance

Requirements

The Property must have separate windstorm insurance if the Special Causes of Loss Form excludes any type of wind-related Catastrophic Event.

The coverage amount must be at least 100% of the insurable value. This valuation may not rely solely on Probable Maximum Loss (PML) calculations.

The deductible amount may not exceed the greater of

- 10% of the insurable value,
- the applicable maximum amount in Part II, Chapter 5: Property and Liability Insurance, Section 501.02A: Minimum Coverage Amounts, or
- for the business income insurance (including rental value insurance), 15 days of income or equivalent.

Guidance

A state insurance plan, state-managed windstorm, or beach erosion insurance pool is acceptable for catastrophic windstorm coverage (i.e., not for non-catastrophic windstorm or other perils), if no other catastrophic windstorm coverage is available.

501.03C Flood Insurance

Requirements

The Property must have flood insurance if any income-producing Improvements or any non-income producing Improvements that support amenities are located in an SFHA Zone A or Zone V.

The coverage amount must be 100% of the insurable value of



- the first 2 floors above grade and any Improvements below grade, plus
- all Fixtures and Goods located on the first 2 floors above grade and/or below grade (as defined in the Security Instrument).

The deductible amount may not exceed the greater of

- **5%** of the insurable value of the Property,
- the applicable maximum amount in Part II, Chapter 5: Property and Liability Insurance, Section 501.02A: Minimum Coverage Amounts, or
- for business income insurance (including rental value insurance), 15 days or equivalent.

If the coverage available under the NFIP is not sufficient to meet the requirements set forth above, then the Borrower must have excess flood insurance or difference in conditions (DIC) insurance that either

- covers the difference, up to the required coverage amount, or
- if the required coverage amount is not economically feasible, covers an amount that you determine is reasonable, given the exposure.

During the Letter of Map Amendment (LoMA) process only NFIP insurance is required. The maximum term for NFIP insurance during the LoMA process is 12 months.

If any Improvements are reclassified as within an SFHA Zone A or Zone V after you deliver the Mortgage Loan, you must require the Borrower to obtain compliant flood insurance.

Guidance

Flood insurance is not required if only unimproved portions of the Property, or non-income producing Improvements that do not support amenities at the Property, are located in an SFHA. Improvements that support amenities include structures such as clubhouses and pool houses. Improvements that do not support amenities are structures such as sheds, pump houses, and storage buildings. Business income insurance is not required for non-income producing Improvements.

Keep in mind that conditions may change over time and flood zones may be remapped. In certain cases, you or Fannie Mae may require flood insurance for Improvements outside of an SFHA Zone A or V, but within an area designated by FEMA as Zone X or Zone D (for example, if a Property is in an area subject to flooding due to storm water, or within close proximity to an SFHA boundary).

When determining whether excess flood insurance or DIC insurance is



economically feasible, you may consider a DSCR reduction of 10 or more basis points as a reasonable measure or guide.

Before determining a lesser amount of excess flood insurance or DIC Insurance, or not requiring such coverage, you should have the Borrower provide you with at least 3 quotes or declination letters, and determine whether the Borrower is attempting to avoid purchasing coverage by applying to companies that do not write flood insurance or give artificially high quotes. If you are provided with a combination of quotes and declinations, quotes should be used to determine feasibility of coverage, and a limit of coverage that is economically feasible should be secured.

An acceptable deductible for DIC insurance is the coverage limit of the underlying NFIP policy.

You should obtain flood zone determinations from qualified third-party floodzone determination firms, and exercise care and sound judgment when selecting the firm. You should require the determination firm, and any monitoring company (if different), to

- notify you whenever flood insurance is or becomes required, and
- continue monitoring after any servicing transfer.

💥 Operating Procedures

You must obtain life-of-loan monitoring for each Property from a third-party flood-zone determination firm.

You are required to complete the most recent version of the Standard Flood Hazard Determination form issued by FEMA to determine whether any of the Improvements are located in an SFHA. You must keep a completed copy of this form in your Servicing File, including a signed copy of the Notice to Borrower of Special Flood Hazard and Federal Assistance (included in the Flood Determination Certificate).

If you permitted a reduction in the amount of excess flood insurance or DIC insurance, your analysis and related documentation supporting the economic feasibility and the amount of the reduction must be

- included in your Servicing File, and
- submitted via the MAMP.

501.03D Earthquake Insurance

Requirements

The Property must have earthquake insurance if required by Fannie Mae based on the Seismic Risk Assessment.



The coverage amount must be at least 100% of the insurable value.

The deductible amount may not exceed the greater of

- 10% of the insurable value, or
- the applicable maximum amount in Part II, Chapter 5: Property and Liability Insurance, Section 501.02A: Minimum Coverage Amounts.

501.03E Terrorism Insurance

Requirements

Each Property must have terrorism insurance for property damage/casualty and liability exposures, unless

- it secures a Mortgage Loan with a UPB of less than \$25 million, and
- you performed a risk assessment, and it indicated no or low terrorism risk.

The coverage amount must be at least 100% of the insurable value of the Improvements.

The deductible amount may not exceed the greater of

- 20% of the insurable value, or
- the applicable maximum amount in Part II, Chapter 5: Property and Liability Insurance, Section 501.02A: Minimum Coverage Amounts.

Guidance

Your risk assessment should consider the Property location in relation to potential terrorist targets, such as tourist attractions, mass transportation facilities, urban areas, and government buildings. You should also consider concentrations of risk and overall exposures.

Operating Procedures

You must retain a copy of your risk assessment in your Servicing File.



Glossary

B

Borrower	Person who is the obligor per the Note.	
	Synonyms • Borrowers • Borrower's	
С		
Catastrophic Event	 Natural or man-made hazard resulting in an event of substantial extent causing significant physical damage or destruction, loss of life, or drastic change to the natural environment, such as □ earthquake, flood, terrorist attack, or windstorm. 	
	Synonyms • Catastrophic Events	
\mathbf{F}		
FEMA	Federal Emergency Management Agency	
Ι		
Improvements	Buildings, structures, improvements, and alterations, including the multifamily housing dwellings, now or hereafter constructed or placed on the Property, including all fixtures (as defined in the UCC).	
Μ		

	\mathbf{O}
MAMP	Multifamily Asset Management Portal used to submit • Property inspections, • operating statements, • requested modifications, • asset management reports, and • data corrections for loan or property attributes.
	SynonymsMultifamily Asset Management PortalMAMP's
Mortgage Loan	Mortgage debt obligation evidenced, or when made will be evidenced, by • the Loan Documents, or • a mortgage debt obligation with a Fannie Mae credit enhancement.
	Synonyms • Mortgage Loans • Mortgage Loan's
Ρ	
Property	Multifamily residential real estate securing the Mortgage Loan, including the • fee simple or Leasehold interest, • Improvements, and • personal property (per the Uniform Commercial Code).

Synonyms

- Properties
- Property's

S

Security Instrument

Instrument creating a lien or encumbrance on 1 or more Properties and securing the Loan Document obligations.

Synonyms

- Security Instruments
- · Security Instrument's



Servicing File	Your file for each Mortgage Loan serviced.
	Synonyms • Servicing Files
U	
UPB	Unpaid Principal Balance
	Synonyms • UPBs