



Fannie Mae®

Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

Effective as of December 13, 2024

No portion of this Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide may be reproduced in any form or by any means without Fannie Mae's prior written permission, except as may be provided herein or unless otherwise permitted by law. Limited permission to reproduce this Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide in print, in whole or in part, and limited permission to distribute electronically parts of this Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide, are granted to Fannie Mae-approved Lenders strictly for their own use in originating and selling multifamily Mortgage Loans to, and servicing multifamily Mortgage Loans for, Fannie Mae. Fannie Mae may revoke this limited permission by sending 60 days advance written notice to any or all Fannie Mae-approved Lenders.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

Part V Section 414 Casualty Losses – Performing Mortgage Loans	3
414.01 Notice	3
414.02 Filing Proof of Loss	3
414.03 Casualty Loss Assessment	3
414.04 Required Casualty Loss Property Inspection	4
414.05 Documentation for Required Casualty Loss Property Inspections	5
414.06 Endorsement of Insurance Loss Draft or Check When Payable to	
Fannie Mae	5
414.07 Endorsement of Insurance Loss Draft or Check When Not Payable to	
Fannie Mae	6
414.08 Insurance Loss Draft or Check Not Payable to Either Fannie Mae or	
Servicer	6
414.09 Application of Insurance Loss Proceeds	6
414.09A Fannie Mae Determination Required	6
414.09B Disposition of Insurance Loss Proceeds	7
414.10 Property Restoration Requirements	7
414.11 Commencement of Repair/Restoration Work	9
414.12 Disbursements	9
414.12A Prerequisites for Disbursement of Funds	9
414.12B Disbursing Funds	10
414.12C Content of Disbursement Request	10
414.12D Disbursement Amount	11
414.12E Final Disbursement; Notice to Fannie Mae	12
414.12F Documentation in Servicing File	12
414.13 Borrower’s Failure to Diligently Pursue Repair	12
414.14 Reimbursement of Administrative Costs	13
GLOSSARY	14



Section 414 Casualty Losses – Performing Mortgage Loans

414.01 Notice

In the event of a casualty loss of \$75,000 or more, the Servicer must submit through the MAMP a:

- Report of Multifamily Hazard Insurance Loss ([Form 178](#)):
 - within 30 days if no serious injury or death occurred; or
 - within 10 days if serious injury or death occurred; and
- final [Form 178](#) indicating that the Property is fully restored, and document its Servicing File when the Property is fully restored.

A revised [Form 178](#) must be submitted if any of the information on the form changes for any casualty loss greater than the lesser of (i) \$500,000, or (ii) 20% of the UPB.

414.02 Filing Proof of Loss

For any casualty loss covered by the Borrower's insurance policy, the Servicer must ensure that the Borrower timely files a proof of loss with the insurance carrier, and effects a prompt and reasonable adjustment of the loss. If the Borrower fails to timely file a proof of loss with the insurance carrier, or take requisite actions to effect a prompt adjustment of the loss claim, the Servicer must independently contact the insurance carrier to adjust the loss claim.

414.03 Casualty Loss Assessment

The Servicer must assess the extent and impact of any damage caused by a casualty, and ensure that the Borrower appropriately addresses the damage.

Within 45 days after learning of a casualty loss, the Servicer must document its Servicing File with the results of its casualty loss assessment. At a minimum, the Servicer must include:

- when the casualty loss occurred and when the Servicer was first informed of the casualty loss;
- the scope of the damage and its effect on the Property (e.g., impact on the habitability of the buildings, safety of the residents, serious injury or loss of life, project occupancy, and project income and expenses);



- the Borrower's plan of action for securing and restoring the damaged portion of the Property, and the status of the Borrower's efforts to implement the plan, including the specific steps to be taken (e.g., temporarily relocating tenants, preparing plans and specifications, awarding contracts, and commencing repair work);
- whether any environmental problems are associated with the damage, and if so, how they will be addressed;
- the projected cost to repair and restore the damaged Improvements, including any available information on contractors' bids or awards;
- whether the casualty loss is covered by the Borrower's insurance policy, the status of any insurance claim, and an estimate of the amount and timing of the funds to be received from the insurance carrier;
- the estimated amount of additional funds that the Borrower will have to provide from its own resources to complete all necessary repair and restoration work, and the current availability of such funds; and
- any other relevant information pertaining to the loss event that is known to the Servicer and could have a material bearing on Fannie Mae's interests.

414.04 Required Casualty Loss Property Inspection

The Servicer must inspect the Property, take photographs of the damage, and complete a Multifamily Catastrophic Loss Inspection ([Form 4261](#)) if:

- the casualty loss is expected to exceed the lesser of (i) \$500,000, or (ii) 20% of the UPB of the Mortgage Loan as of the date of the casualty; or
- any of the following conditions exists:
 - a default has occurred and is continuing under the Loan Documents;
 - the combination of insurance proceeds and Borrower funds is insufficient to complete the necessary Property repairs for restoration to a condition fit for human habitation and meeting all applicable permitting requirements;
 - prior to the commencement of any restoration work, the Servicer determines that, upon completion of the repair and restoration work, the Property will not be capable of generating sufficient income to cover all operating



expenses, required Replacement Reserve deposits, P&I on the Mortgage Loan, and required payments on any subordinate debt secured by the Property, or will not otherwise meet a DSCR or other test required by the Loan Documents; or

- the repair and restoration work will not be completed by the earlier of (i) the Maturity Date, or (ii) within 1 year from the date of the casualty.

The Servicer may charge the Borrower for the cost of the inspection unless expressly prohibited by the Loan Documents.

An inspection by the Servicer is optional if the casualty loss is expected to be less than (i) \$500,000, or (ii) 20% of the UPB, and none of the above conditions exist. If the Servicer elects not to inspect the Property, the Servicer must confirm during the next Property inspection, and document in its Servicing File, that the repair and restoration work was satisfactorily completed. If the Servicer determines that the repair or restoration work was not satisfactorily completed, the Servicer must notify Multifamily Inspections and Multifamily Loss Mitigation) in writing, as required by [Part V, Chapter 5: Surveillance](#).

414.05 Documentation for Required Casualty Loss Property Inspections

After inspecting the Property, the Servicer must:

- retain in its Servicing File a copy of the completed Catastrophic Loss Inspection ([Form 4261](#)), and photographs of the damaged portions of the Property; and
- submit a copy of the Catastrophic Loss Inspection ([Form 4261](#)) and the photographs through the MAMP within 7 days after completing the Catastrophic Loss Inspection ([Form 4261](#)).

414.06 Endorsement of Insurance Loss Draft or Check When Payable to Fannie Mae

Any insurance loss draft or check issued by the insurance carrier must be made payable to Fannie Mae in care of the Servicer, or as otherwise required by the mortgagee clause. Provided the Lender Contract contains nothing to the contrary, the Servicer is delegated the authority to endorse any insurance loss draft or check on Fannie Mae's behalf, as follows:

Fannie Mae

By: [Name of Servicer]

By: [Name of Servicer's Authorized Signer]



[Title of Servicer's Authorized Signer].

If any insurance loss draft or check made payable to Fannie Mae or the Servicer is cashed by the Borrower without proper endorsement by Fannie Mae or the Servicer, the Servicer must instruct the Borrower to send the funds to the Servicer within 5 Business Days. If the Borrower does not send the funds, the Servicer must contact Multifamily Asset Management immediately.

414.07 Endorsement of Insurance Loss Draft or Check When Not Payable to Fannie Mae

If the insurance loss draft or check is payable to the Servicer, the Servicer is authorized to endorse the draft or check and apply the proceeds in accordance with this Section. The Servicer must also send the Insurer an Insurance Loss Payee Notice Letter ([Form 4803](#)) so that all future insurance loss drafts and checks will be issued to Fannie Mae in care of the Servicer. The Servicer must retain a copy of the Insurance Loss Payee Notice Letter ([Form 4803](#)) in its Servicing File.

414.08 Insurance Loss Draft or Check Not Payable to Either Fannie Mae or Servicer

If the insurance loss draft or check is not made payable to either Fannie Mae or the Servicer, the Servicer must return it to the insurance carrier and request the loss draft or check be reissued in the name of Fannie Mae and sent to the Servicer. If the check has already been cashed by the Borrower, the Servicer must demand those funds be either paid by the Borrower to the Servicer and/or deposited in a Custodial Account meeting the requirements of [Part V, Chapter 3: Custodial Accounts](#).

414.09 Application of Insurance Loss Proceeds

The Servicer must review the Loan Documents to confirm no contrary requirements exist regarding the application of insurance loss proceeds (e.g., where the Loan Documents require the noteholder to “reasonably” approve the application of insurance proceeds, where the noteholder is to apply commercially reasonable standards, or where the noteholder has the power to approve in its sole discretion).

414.09A Fannie Mae Determination Required

If any of the following conditions exist, Fannie Mae will determine, in its sole discretion, whether to require the insurance loss proceeds to be (i) applied to the UPB, or (ii) used to repair and restore the Property:

- a default has occurred and is continuing under the Loan Documents;
- the combination of insurance proceeds and Borrower funds is insufficient to complete the necessary Property repairs for



restoration to a condition fit for human habitation and meeting all applicable permitting requirements;

- prior to the commencement of any restoration work, the Servicer determines that, upon completion of the repair and restoration work, the Property will not be capable of generating sufficient income to cover all operating expenses, required Replacement Reserve deposits, P&I on the Mortgage Loan, and required payments on any subordinate debt secured by the Property, or will otherwise meet a DSCR or other test required by the Loan Documents; or
- the repair and restoration work will not be completed by the earlier of (i) the Maturity Date, or (ii) within 1 year from the date of the casualty loss.

414.09B Disposition of Insurance Loss Proceeds

Based upon the Borrower's plan of action and the Servicer's overall assessment, and provided none of the conditions listed in [Part V, Chapter 4: Asset Management: Loan Document Administration, Section 414.04: Required Casualty Loss Property Inspection](#) exist, the Servicer has the authority to:

- hold the proceeds to incrementally reimburse the Borrower for the cost of repairing the damage and restoring the Property to habitable condition; or
- recommend to Fannie Mae that the proceeds be applied to the UPB of the Mortgage Loan by submitting a request through the MAMP.

414.10 Property Restoration Requirements

All insurance loss proceeds will be held to reimburse the Borrower in increments for the cost of repairing the damage and restoring the Property. If the Property will be restored to habitable condition, the Servicer must:

- deposit all insurance loss proceeds in a Custodial Account meeting the requirements of [Part V, Chapter 3: Custodial Accounts](#), to incrementally reimburse the Borrower for the cost of repairing the damage;
- require the Borrower to deposit, in the same Custodial Account, funds equal to the difference between (a) the Servicer's estimate of the total cost to repair and restore the Property to its pre-casualty condition, and (b) the amount of the insurance



proceeds;

- for losses greater than \$75,000, prepare and have the Borrower execute the applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) for use with the 6000 series Loan Documents if documented before the June 2019 Loan Document publication, or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639) for use with the 4000 series Loan Documents, specifying the terms and conditions under which the funds held in the Custodial Account will be released to the Borrower (Form 6615) is not required for Mortgage Loans with Loan Documents documented after the June 2019 Loan Document publication); and
- submit a copy of any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639) through the MAMP.

The Servicer may waive the above requirement that the Borrower deposit additional funds into the Custodial Account if (i) the Servicer deposits all insurance loss proceeds into the Custodial Account, and (ii) determines that the Borrower, Key Principals, and Principals have sufficient funds to repair and restore the Property when the insurance loss proceeds alone are insufficient.

Within 7 days of execution, the Servicer must submit through the MAMP copies of:

- any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639);
- any Report of Multifamily Hazard Insurance Loss (Form 178); and
- if required and completed, a copy of the Multifamily Catastrophic Loss Inspection (Form 4261).

The Multifamily Catastrophic Loss Inspection (Form 4261) must be submitted through the MAMP within 7 days after the later of:

- the execution of any Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639); or
- the completion of the Multifamily Catastrophic Loss Inspection (Form 4261).



The Servicer must send to Multifamily Certification and Custody within 15 Business Days the original executed copy of any Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639), and retain in its Servicing File the original:

- Multifamily Catastrophic Loss Inspection (Form 4261); and
- Report of Multifamily Hazard Insurance Loss (Form 178).

414.11 Commencement of Repair/Restoration Work

Before the Servicer disburses any funds to the Borrower for repair or restoration work the Servicer must:

- have any applicable executed Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639);
- have on deposit in a Custodial Account all insurance loss proceeds and, unless waived as provided above, sufficient Borrower funds to cover the estimated cost to complete the repair and restoration work;
- except in the case of minor casualties, have copies of all applicable building permits and other permits/authorizations required to carry out the repair and restoration work;
- except in the case of minor casualties, review (or have a qualified professional review) and approve any plans and specifications relating to the repair and restoration work;
- obtain from the Borrower the identities of each principal contractor, architect, and engineer who will be involved in the repair and restoration work, and be satisfied with their qualifications (including assurance each is appropriately licensed and bonded); and
- obtain evidence of builder's risk insurance, if required, in accordance with Part II, Chapter 5: Property and Liability Insurance, Section 501.02F: Builder's Risk Insurance.

Any emergency work required to protect the Property or correct a condition threatening the health or safety of the tenants must be undertaken immediately by the Borrower, even if the forgoing requirements have not been complied with.

414.12 Disbursements



414.12A Prerequisites for Disbursement of Funds

Before disbursing funds, including the final disbursement, to the Borrower for each disbursement request, the Servicer must be satisfied that:

- all repair and restoration work has been completed in a good and workmanlike manner and in accordance with any applicable plans and specifications, as evidenced by submissions from the Borrower and, if applicable, by the Servicer's or a qualified professional's inspection of the completed work;
- all related invoices for items and services have been paid, unless the Borrower has satisfied any applicable pre-conditions of the Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639) for issuance of a joint check made payable to the Borrower and the Person owed funds;
- the necessary release of Lien or Lien waivers have been submitted by all contractors, and no mechanics' Liens, materialmen's Liens, or other Liens are outstanding that have not been acceptably bonded over; and
- the Borrower is not in default under any Loan Document, including the Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639).

414.12B Disbursing Funds

The Servicer must approve and disburse funds related to each Borrower request in accordance with the Loan Documents, including any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639). Funds must be disbursed no more frequently than once a month, unless:

- the Servicer determines that more frequent disbursements of funds are appropriate and can be managed effectively; or
- the disbursement is equal to or greater than \$10,000, or is the final disbursement of proceeds.

414.12C Content of Disbursement Request

Each of the Borrower's disbursement requests must be in writing and must specify, at a minimum:



- the specific repair and restoration work for which reimbursement is being sought;
- the quantity and price of all materials (grouped by type or category) or specific replacement items (e.g., appliances) purchased; and
- the cost of all contracted labor or other services.

The Borrower's disbursement requests must be accompanied by:

- a Borrower certification that the repair and restoration work was completed in a good and workmanlike manner, in accordance with any plans and specifications previously approved by the Servicer, and in compliance with all applicable laws, ordinances, rules, and regulations of any governmental authority, agency, or instrumentality having jurisdiction over the Property;
- if the invoice exceeds the lesser of \$25,000 or 1% of the UPB:
 - a copy of the invoice detailing the covered materials, labor, or services;
 - payment evidence; and
 - a Lien release from each contractor, subcontractor, or materialman; and
- other relevant documentation required under the Loan Documents, including any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639).

414.12D Disbursement Amount

The amount of each disbursement (other than the final disbursement) may not exceed the lesser of:

- (i) an amount equal to:
 - the actual cost of the repair and restoration work covered by the disbursement request, or, if the work was done under a contract or subcontract pursuant to which other work remains to be done, an amount equal to 90% of the actual cost of the repair and restoration work covered by the disbursement request (i.e., a 10% holdback is required if the work under the applicable contract or subcontract has not been



completed in full); plus

- 100% of the cost of any materials used, or to be used, in connection with the repair and restoration work, if at the time of the disbursement request, title to the materials has passed to the Borrower and the materials have been installed, or are being properly stored, on the Property; or

(ii) an amount equal to the difference between:

- the balance of the Collateral Agreement Custodial Account at the time of the disbursement request; and
- the estimated cost of all remaining repair and restoration work at that time of the disbursement request.

414.12E Final Disbursement; Notice to Fannie Mae

Upon satisfactory completion of all required repair and restoration work, and satisfaction of all other applicable conditions of the Loan Documents, including any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639), the Servicer must:

- disburse all remaining funds to the Borrower; and
- submit through the MAMP a final Report of Multifamily Hazard Insurance Loss (Form 178) to indicate that all work was satisfactorily completed.

414.12F Documentation in Servicing File

The Servicer must ensure that all actions taken with respect to each Borrower disbursement request are appropriately documented in its Servicing File.

414.13 Borrower's Failure to Diligently Pursue Repair

The Servicer must notify Multifamily Asset Management immediately if the Borrower fails to:

- proceed diligently with any necessary repair and restoration work;
- perform the work satisfactorily; or
- perform in accordance with the terms of the Loan Documents, including any applicable Amendment to Multifamily Loan and



Security Agreement (Restoration Reserve) (Form 6615) or
Insurance Loss Proceeds Collateral Agreement (Form 6639).

The Servicer's notice to Multifamily Asset Management must include a description of any steps that the Servicer is taking to resolve the situation.

414.14 Reimbursement of Administrative Costs

If the insurance loss proceeds include funds specifically designated to defray administrative costs incurred by the mortgagee in connection with the casualty loss, the Servicer may reimburse itself from this designated amount for its actual, reasonable administrative costs. If no such provision is made by the insurer, the Servicer may not seek reimbursement for its administrative costs from the proceeds, nor may the Servicer seek reimbursement separately from the Borrower.



Glossary

B

Borrower Person who is the obligor per the Note.

Synonyms

- Borrowers
- Borrower's

C

Collateral Agreement Agreement granting a security interest in Mortgage Loan collateral not covered by the Security Instrument.

Synonyms

- Collateral Agreements

Custodial Account Accounts established by the Servicer for depositing P&I payments, T&I funds, Collateral Agreement deposits, and other similar funds.

Synonyms

- Custodial Accounts

I

Improvements Buildings, structures, improvements, and alterations, including the multifamily housing dwellings, now or hereafter constructed or placed on the Property, including all fixtures (as defined in the UCC).

Synonyms

- Improvements'

L



Lender Contract

Program Documents per the Multifamily Selling and Servicing Agreement.

Synonyms

- Lender's Contract
- Lender Contracts
- Contract
- Multifamily Selling and Servicing Agreement
- MSSA

Lien

Lien, mortgage, bond interest, pledge, security interest, charge, or encumbrance of any kind.

Synonyms

- Liens

Loan Documents

All Fannie Mae-approved documents evidencing, securing, or guaranteeing the Mortgage Loan.

Synonyms

- Loan Document
- Mortgage Loan Document
- Mortgage Loan Documents

M

MAMP

Multifamily Asset Management Portal used to submit

- Property inspections,
- operating statements,
- requested modifications,
- asset management reports, and
- data corrections for loan or property attributes.

Synonyms

- Multifamily Asset Management Portal
- MAMP's



Maturity Date Date all Mortgage Loan amounts become fully due and payable per the Loan Documents.

Synonyms

- Maturity Dates

Mortgage Loan Mortgage debt obligation evidenced, or when made will be evidenced, by

- the Loan Documents, or
- a mortgage debt obligation with a Fannie Mae credit enhancement.

Synonyms

- Mortgage Loans
- Mortgage Loan's

Multifamily Asset Management Team that can be contacted at drawer_am@fanniemae.com.

Multifamily Certification and Custody Team responsible for taking custody of and certifying Mortgage Loans that can be contacted at

- multifamcert_team@fanniemae.com,
- (800) 940-4646, or
- for submissions:
Fannie Mae (Multifamily)
Certification and Custody
21240 Ridgetop Circle
Suite 125-130
Sterling, VA 20166.

Synonyms

- DDF
- Document Delivery Facility
- Document Delivery System

Multifamily Inspections Team that can be contacted at mf_inspections@fanniemae.com.



Multifamily Loss Mitigation

Team that can be contacted at lm_watch@fanniemae.com.

P

P&I

Principal and interest

Person

Legal person, including an

- individual,
- estate,
- trust,
- corporation,
- partnership,
- limited liability company,
- financial institution,
- joint venture,
- association, or
- other organization or entity (whether governmental or private).

Synonyms

- Persons
- Person's

Property

Multifamily residential real estate securing the Mortgage Loan, including the

- fee simple or Leasehold interest,
- Improvements, and
- personal property (per the Uniform Commercial Code).

Synonyms

- Properties
- Property's

R



Replacement Reserve Custodial Account the Borrower funds during the Mortgage Loan term for Replacements.

Synonyms

- Replacement Reserves

S

Security MBS, PFP MBS, or REMIC.

Synonyms

- Securities

Servicer Primary Person servicing the Mortgage Loan, including

- the originator,
- seller, or
- a third party.

Synonyms

- Servicers
- Servicer's

Servicing File Your file for each Mortgage Loan serviced.

Synonyms

- Servicing Files

U

UPB Unpaid Principal Balance

Synonyms

- UPBs