



Fannie Mae®

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# Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

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## Section 204 Refinance Risk Analysis

### ☑ Requirements

You must prepare an exit strategy analyzing the Borrower's ability to refinance the Mortgage Loan in the year after the Maturity Date (e.g., use the projected NCF in year 11 for a Mortgage Loan with a 10-year term), by calculating a:

- "reversion" cap rate, which is the expected capitalization rate able to be supported per the projected NCF; and
- Refinance Interest Rate.

### 204.01 Base Assumptions

### ☑ Requirements

For Loan Year 1, use the Underwritten NCF. For all subsequent Loan Years, you must derive proforma NCF as follows:

Factor	For...	Use...
Income Growth Rate	• Structured Transactions, and • Mortgage Loans secured by multiple Properties	2%.
	All other Mortgage Loans	the growth rates published in DUS Gateway for the Property.
Economic Vacancy	All Mortgage Loans	the underwritten economic vacancy rate.



Factor	For...	Use...
Real Estate Taxes	California Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• for Acquisitions, 2%; or</li><li>• for refinances, no trending is required until the year when the actual tax bill would surpass the underwritten taxes, then trend by 2%.</li></ul>
	Non-California Properties	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 3% for<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>- Structured Transactions, and</li><li>- Mortgage Loans secured by multiple Properties; and</li></ul></li><li>• for all other Mortgage Loans, the growth rates published in DUS Gateway for the Property.</li></ul>



Factor	For...	Use...
Real Estate Tax Abatements, Exemptions, Deferrals, or PILOTs	All Mortgage Loans	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• if an abatement, exemption, deferral, or PILOT begins phase out or expires within 5 years after the Maturity Date, fully assessed real estate taxes; and</li> <li>• if an abatement expires or taxes are expected to rise during the Mortgage Loan term, increase taxes to the expected level, then trend by: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 3% for <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>▪ Structured Transactions, and</li> <li>▪ Mortgage Loans secured by multiple Properties; or</li> </ul> </li> <li>- the growth rate published in DUS Gateway in the year prior to the adjustment for all other Mortgage Loans.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
Management Fee	All Mortgage Loans	the underwritten rate.
Replacement Reserves	All Mortgage Loans	the underwritten value.
Insurance and Other Expenses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Structured Transactions, and</li> <li>• Mortgage Loans secured by multiple Properties</li> </ul>	3%.
	All other Mortgage Loans	the growth rates published in DUS Gateway for the Property.



You must estimate the Mortgage Loan UPB at the Maturity Date as follows:

For...	Use...
Amortization	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• 30 years, or</li><li>• the amortization for the applicable product or features.</li></ul>
DSCR	The minimum Tier 2 DSCR for the applicable product or features, per Form 4660 .
LTV	The maximum Tier 2 LTV for the applicable product or features, per Form 4660 .

#### → Guidance

In most cases, the combined effect of principal amortization and NCF growth should result in a refinancing at the minimum DSCR and maximum LTV for Tier 2, using a reasonable interest rate.

You should consider the following refinance parameters:

- A target reversion capitalization rate at least 2.0% greater than the initial capitalization rate used for determining Underwriting Value.
- A Refinance Interest Rate at least 2.25% greater than the current 10-year Amortizing Nationwide Underwriting Floor rate, per Form 4660.

## 204.02 Alternative Assumptions

### ☑ Requirements

You must:

- present an alternative risk analysis using assumptions that deviate from the base assumptions if:
  - you determine the base assumptions do not appropriately estimate the Property's NCF over the Mortgage Loan term; or
  - third-party data providers project rent growth materially below Fannie Mae growth rates published in DUS Gateway;
- identify and support any deviations with
  - reliable evidence, and
  - historical and projected market trends; and
- state your conclusions, discussing any mitigating factors, such as the:



- strength of the
  - Sponsor, or
  - submarket; and
- Property's
  - characteristics,
  - operating history, and
  - performance.

## ➔ Guidance

**Income and Expense Growth Rates:** Income and expense trending should incorporate projected market rates based on general economic, market, and submarket conditions from reliable sources, as well as the Property's characteristics. For example:

- Rents on recently signed leases should only be used for estimating income growth in Loan Years 1 and 2.
- Rent projections greater than the Base Assumption Income Growth Rate should not be used beyond Loan Year 4.
- When improvements in market economic occupancy or sustained market rental rate increases are widely anticipated, growth trends above the Base Assumption Income Growth Rate may be supported.
- Projections of income growth resulting from Property renovations or improved operations should be limited to the first 3 Loan Years.
- When a Property is subject to a scheduled reassessment or a tax abatement phase-in period, tax expense should be adjusted appropriately.
- If a tax abatement, exemption, deferral, or PILOT begins phase out or expires more than 5 years after the Maturity Date, consider if the increased expense within 10 years after the Maturity Date may affect the Borrower's ability to refinance, and warrants
  - a lower Mortgage Loan amount,
  - faster amortization, or
  - a reduced interest only period.
- When you expect to incur costs for tenant improvement allowances and leasing commissions, or to realize rent increases from the rollover of



tenants, commercial income should be adjusted appropriately.

- A substantially renovated Property, with improved in-unit finishes and/or new/renovated amenities, may experience different income and expense growth rates than properties of the same age; therefore, growth trends differing from the Base Assumption Income Growth Rate may be supported.

**Economic Vacancy:** Properties in submarkets with depressed economic conditions due to temporary demand or supply issues may be modeled to reflect the economic vacancy projected by a reliable source. If you expect a decrease in vacancy to achieve stabilized levels, you should consider

- the anticipated timing, and
- effect of decreased economic vacancy on projected income growth over the same time period.





# Glossary

## B

**Borrower** Person who is the obligor per the Note.

### **Synonyms**

- Borrowers
- Borrower's

## D

**DUS Gateway** Multifamily pre-acquisition system, or any successor systems, recording deal registration, Pre-Review and/or waiver tracking, Mortgage Loan Commitments, and decision records.

## F

**Form 4660** Multifamily Underwriting Standards identifying Pre-Review Mortgage Loans and containing the underwriting requirements (e.g., debt service coverage ratio, loan to value ratio, interest only, underwriting floors, etc.) for all Mortgage Loans.

### **Synonyms**

- Multifamily Underwriting Standards

## L

**Loan Year** Period beginning on the date of the Note and ending on the last day of the month that is 12 full months after the date of the Note, and each successive 12-month period thereafter.

### **Synonyms**

- Loan Years

## M



## Maturity Date

Date all Mortgage Loan amounts become fully due and payable per the Loan Documents.

### **Synonyms**

- Maturity Dates

## Mortgage Loan

Mortgage debt obligation evidenced, or when made will be evidenced, by

- the Loan Documents, or
- a mortgage debt obligation with a Fannie Mae credit enhancement.

### **Synonyms**

- Mortgage Loans
- Mortgage Loan's

## **P**

## PILOT

Payment In Lieu Of Taxes.

### **Synonyms**

- PILOTs

## Property

Multifamily residential real estate securing the Mortgage Loan, including the

- fee simple or Leasehold interest,
- Improvements, and
- personal property (per the Uniform Commercial Code).

### **Synonyms**

- Properties
- Property's

## **R**



## Refinance Interest Rate

Maximum interest rate that could be supported based on the UPB, required DSCR, and projected Net Cash Flow for the first year following the Maturity Date.

### **Synonyms**

- Exit Interest Rate
- Exit Rate

## S

## Sponsor

Principal equity owner and/or primary decision maker of the Borrower (often the Key Principal or the Person Controlling the Key Principal).

### **Synonyms**

- Sponsors
- Sponsor's

## U

## Underwriting Value

Value of the Property determined by the Lender to size the Mortgage Loan per [Part II, Chapter 2: Valuation and Income, Section 202: Appraisal and Valuation](#).

## UPB

Unpaid Principal Balance

### **Synonyms**

- UPBs