



Fannie Mae®

Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

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Section 216

DUS Bond Credit Enhancement Transactions – Reporting and Remitting Requirements

The requirements of this Section are applicable to Bond Credit Enhancement Transactions only and the Servicer's reporting, collection, and remitting of prepayments must be done in accordance with the procedures described below.

216.01 Monthly Bond Credit Enhancement Reporting

For reporting purposes, the Servicer must segregate its DUS Bond Credit Enhancement portfolio into 2 groups:

- DUS Bond Credit Enhancement by Credit Enhancement Instrument and Collateral Agreement; or
- DUS Bond Credit Enhancement by a Security.

The Servicer must electronically submit a Credit Enhancement Activity Report (Form 4090) using the Credit Enhancement Servicing and Investor Reporting System (CESIR) for each DUS Bond Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan and Bond each month. The date that the Credit Enhancement Activity Report is due is dependent on whether the Mortgage Loan's monthly P&I payments are due on the first of the month or on the 15th of the month.

The Servicer must register to use CESIR prior to use. Information regarding registering for CESIR can be found on <https://multifamily.fanniemae.com/applications-technology/cesir>.

For most DUS Bond Credit Enhancements, the monthly reporting rule is applied as follows:

- If the Mortgage Loan payments are due on the first of the month, the report is due on the fourth calendar day of the month or the next Business Day if the fourth calendar day of the month is not a Business Day; or
- If the Mortgage Loan payments are due on the 15th day of the month, the report is due on the 15th calendar day of the same month or the next Business Day if such day is not a Business Day.

The monthly report must include:

- all scheduled Mortgage Loan payments to be made by the Borrower whether or not such payments are actually made by



the Borrower; and

- bond redemptions reported by the Bond Trustee for the current calendar month.

216.02 Monthly Remittance Procedures

216.02A Monthly Remittances of Scheduled Payments to Bond Trustee

Monthly remittances to the Bond Trustee depend on the execution type for the transaction and applicable transaction requirements.

1. Standby Execution

For Standby executions, the Servicer must pay the Scheduled Payments (net of the Facility Fee) to the Bond Trustee. The Servicer must make the payment to the Bond Trustee by wire transfer of same day funds on or before the 5th Bond Business Day before the day on which the bond payment is due to be made by the Bond Trustee to the bondholders. Bond Business Day is determined under the Bond Indenture for each separate Bond transaction.

2. Direct Pay Execution

For direct pay executions, the Servicer must perform the following:

a. The Servicer must pay to the Bond Trustee, by wire transfer of same day funds on the Bond Payment Date, the following components of the Scheduled Payment:

(1) the PRF deposit;

(2) the periodic fees payable to the Issuer, Bond Trustee, Rebate Analyst, any Compliance Monitor, Remarketing Agent and Tender Agent and any other similar person; and

(3) any other requirement, as specified in the Reimbursement Agreement.

b. The Servicer must remit the following components of the Scheduled Payment to Fannie Mae in reimbursement of any related Advance under the credit enhancement as provided in this Section:

(1) the interest component; and

(2) any principal component which is to amortize immediately the Mortgage Loan and is not to be deposited into the PRF.

c. For Direct Pay Weekly Variable Rate transactions where the Borrower is obligated to make its payments 2 Business Days prior to the 15th of each month and the bondholders must be paid on the 15th of each month, the Servicer must make its payments by wire transfer of same day funds on the 1st or 15th calendar day of each month. Other



requirements may apply, as specified in the Reimbursement Agreement.

216.02B Replenishment of Withdrawals from the PRF

If the Borrower pays the Servicer any amount to replenish a withdrawal from the PRF, the Servicer shall pay such amount to the Bond Trustee not later than 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time, no later than the Business Day immediately after receipt of such monies from the Borrower.

216.02C Collection and Remittance of Borrower Reimbursement Obligations for Fannie Mae Advances

The Servicer must pay the following amounts to Fannie Mae:

1. The interest component of the Scheduled Payment and principal component of the Scheduled Payment which is to amortize immediately the Mortgage Loan and is not to be deposited into the PRF. Such amounts reimburse Fannie Mae for the related Advance under a Credit Enhancement Instrument or Collateral Agreement.
2. Any accrued and unpaid Activity Fee.
3. Any other amounts due to Fannie Mae under the Reimbursement Agreement other than the Facility Fee.

Fannie Mae will draft such amounts so as to be received by Fannie Mae no later than the Business Day immediately after the receipt of such monies from the Borrower.

The Servicer must also collect from the Borrower and remit to Fannie Mae any other fees, expenses or additional costs due from the Borrower to Fannie Mae under the Reimbursement Agreement. Fannie Mae and/or the Bond Trustee will notify the Servicer regarding any such amounts to be invoiced by the Servicer for payment by the Borrower under the Reimbursement Agreement, the Financing Agreement or other Transaction Document.

216.02D Monthly Remittance of Fees to Fannie Mae

Fannie Mae will draft the Facility Fee, net of the Servicer's Servicing Fee each month. Fannie Mae will draft such amounts 4 calendar days after such amount is scheduled to be paid by the Borrower under the applicable Transaction Document. If the fourth calendar day is not a Business Day, then such draft will be made on the next Business Day.

216.02E Notice and Collection of Other Fees and Expenses

At the written request of the Bond Trustee or if the Reimbursement Agreement or the Financing Agreement requires the Borrower to make such payments through the Servicer, the Servicer will invoice the Borrower for any fees and expenses payable by the Borrower to the (1) Issuer, (2) Bond



Trustee, (3) Rating Agency, (4) Remarketing Agent, (5) Rebate Analyst, (6) Compliance Monitor or (7) Custodian.

The Servicer's invoice must require the Borrower to pay all such amounts to the Servicer not later than the earlier of ten days following the receipt of the invoice or the Business Day such amounts become due. The Servicer will remit all such payments received from the Borrower to the Bond Trustee, the Rating Agency, or Custodian, as applicable, and, if to the Rating Agency or Custodian, with notice to the Bond Trustee of such payment.

216.03 Prepayments – General Introduction

When a Borrower prepays a Mortgage Loan in a DUS Bond Credit Enhancement in whole or in part, the bonds also will be prepaid or redeemed in whole or in part on a corresponding basis. This is the starting point for the analysis of the obligations of the Borrower to account for any fees payable on account of the prepayment or redemption.

216.03A Bond Redemption Premiums Payable to Bondholders

All relevant rules regarding bond redemption premiums will be contained in the related Bond Indenture. The Borrower is obligated to pay any bond redemption premium. Fannie Mae does not provide credit enhancement for the bond redemption premium.

Not all types of bond redemptions are subject to redemption premiums and the Servicer must consult the related Bond Indenture documentation to determine whether a redemption premium is due. As a general rule, only bond redemptions initiated voluntarily or optionally by the Borrower will potentially have a redemption premium. Mandatory redemptions almost never have a redemption premium. Mandatory redemptions include redemptions paid from condemnation proceeds and insurance proceeds from casualty losses.

1. Variable Rate Bond Redemption

Weekly variable rate bonds may typically be redeemed at any time, or at least on any bond interest payment date, without restriction or redemption premium to the bondholders subject to the terms of the related Bond Indenture.

2. Fixed Rate Bond Redemption

Fixed rate bonds are typically restricted from optional or voluntary redemption by the Borrower for a specific period following the original bond issuance date, known as a lockout period. A lockout period may approximate 10 years from the initial bond issuance. Following the expiration of the lockout period, any voluntary redemption during the subsequent 3 to 5 year period typically requires the payment of a redemption premium to bondholders.



NOTE: Most transactions require the Borrower to pay the bond redemption premium with money that is not subject to being treated as a voidable preference under applicable bankruptcy and insolvency laws. This usually means the redemption premium cannot come from regular resources of the Borrower. The Bond Indenture must be consulted for requirements applicable to sources of payment of the Bond Redemption Premium and legal counsel should be consulted.

216.03B Termination Fee or Prepayment Premium Payable to Fannie Mae

Any Prepayment Premium payable to Fannie Mae on the credit enhancement is separate and distinct from any redemption premium payable to bondholders. This is true for all executions: Direct Pay, Standby and MBS.

In most instances, Fannie Mae requires the Borrower to pay a Prepayment Premium (or “Termination Fee” if required in the applicable documents) if the prepayment occurs within a certain number of years after original delivery of Fannie Mae’s credit enhancement. In earlier Bond Credit Enhancement transactions, the premium will be called a Prepayment Premium and will be addressed in the Note. In later transactions, the premium will be called a Termination Fee and will be addressed in the Reimbursement Agreement.

216.03C Termination When No Prepayment Occurs; Weekly Variable Rate Transactions

In DUS Variable Rate Credit Enhancements, there is the possibility that neither the Mortgage Loan nor the bonds are actually being prepaid, but only that the Borrower is replacing Fannie Mae as the provider of the credit enhancement and liquidity, terminating Fannie Mae’s involvement in the transaction. For purposes of this section, that too is treated as a prepayment. In the event that the Mortgage Loan is being prepaid or Fannie Mae is being replaced as credit enhancer, the result is that the credit enhancement is being terminated. In recent years, to take this into account, the general term “Termination” has been used to refer to the events and “Termination Fee” to refer to the fee which may be payable on account of those events.

The Servicer must remit any Termination Fee due Fannie Mae in accordance with remittance requirements contained below in this Section by 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time on the next Business Day following the day on which the Borrower’s termination of Fannie Mae’s credit enhancement and liquidity is effective.

216.04 Prepayments – Processing

216.04A General

The Note requires the Borrower to give advance notice of a full or



partial prepayment to the Servicer, the Bond Trustee, and, if a DUS Variable Rate Credit Enhancement, the Remarketing Agent. Any partial prepayment must be in an amount corresponding to an authorized denomination of the Bonds. Typically, Fannie Mae will require its consent to an optional redemption of Bonds.

The Servicer must always keep in mind that the date on which the Borrower must transfer money to the Servicer to initiate a prepayment may not be the day that the transfer of funds is treated as a prepayment under the governing documents. For example, under some documents the Borrower must make the prepayment not later than the last Business Day before the day the Bond Trustee, under the Bond Indenture, must have received funds for redemption of the Bonds. The Mortgage Loan prepayment will not be recognized until the Bonds are actually redeemed or deemed paid and no longer under the requirements of the Bond Indenture.

216.04B Prompt Notice of Intended Prepayment

The Servicer must promptly notify Fannie Mae (Multifamily Asset Management) and the Bond Trustee in writing upon receiving notice from the Borrower of a planned prepayment. If the prepayment does not occur on such date, the Borrower may not subsequently prepay the Mortgage Loan in full without first giving the Servicer and all other parties to whom notice is required, a new notice of intent to prepay in accordance with the Loan Documents.

216.04C Critical Path Due Dates

The Servicer must ensure that the final prepayment amount quoted to the Borrower prior to prepayment is correct. Accordingly, before the Servicer advises the Borrower of the final prepayment amount, the Servicer must verify such amount with the Bond Trustee and Fannie Mae.

1. No less than 10 days prior to the scheduled prepayment date, the Servicer must obtain the Bond Trustee's written confirmation of all amounts due and payable in connection with the prepayment.

2. No less than 10 days prior to the scheduled prepayment date, and after verifying amounts due on the Bonds with the Bond Trustee, the Servicer must request verification of the full or partial prepayment amount from Fannie Mae.

3. No less than 5 days prior to the day the Borrower is required to initiate the prepayment, the Servicer must advise the Borrower in writing of the full amount necessary to make the prepayment.

NOTE: The day the Borrower is required to initiate the prepayment will be before the day the Bonds are to be redeemed.

4. For weekly variable rate bonds, immediately following the last day on which interest is determined on the Bonds before the scheduled



redemption date of the bonds, the Servicer must re-verify the amount the Borrower must pay for the prepayment. The Servicer must immediately advise the Borrower of any correction required by the re-verification.

The Servicer should note that the transaction documents do not uniformly address the redemption premium, if any, payable to Bondholders and Prepayment Premium or termination fee, if any, payable to Fannie Mae on account of a prepayment of the Mortgage Loan. In some instances, the fee maintenance Prepayment Premium set out in the Note will be payable to Fannie Mae. In other instances, the Prepayment Premium payable under the Note must be remitted to the Bond Trustee for payment to bondholders as a redemption premium. In this case, the Borrower may be required to pay a Termination Fee to Fannie Mae pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement. The Servicer must be alert to these requirements.

216.04D Fannie Mae's Confirmation Required

To obtain Fannie Mae's confirmation of the prepayment amount, the Servicer must submit a statement detailing the following:

1. the Fannie Mae Mortgage Loan number(s) and bond number(s), the Property name and address and the expected prepayment date;

2. all amounts that it has determined (and for such amounts due the Bondholders, confirmed with the Bond Trustee) will be due and payable by the Borrower on the prepayment date, including:

(a) the full or partial principal prepayment (as of the prepayment date) of the Note, separately specifying any amounts in the PRF expected to be applied to principal;

(b) accrued interest up to but not including the date of prepayment of the Note;

(c) any unpaid late fees (if applicable);

(d) any Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee required to be paid to the Bondholders or Fannie Mae, respectively, under the terms of the Note, the Financing Agreement, the Indenture or the Bonds;

(e) any termination fee payable to Fannie Mae pursuant to the Reimbursement Agreement;

(f) any other amounts due under the Loan Documents; and

(g) all other amounts due upon a redemption of Bonds under the Bond Documents, including any interest required to cover the gap between Mortgage Loan and Bond prepayment for which an escrow or collateral is not already provided. (The Servicer must request this information from the Bond Trustee.)

3. written confirmation from the Bond Trustee of all amounts due



the Bondholders.

4. all amounts that will be due and payable to Fannie Mae on the day as required by this Section following prepayment, including:

- (a) Credit Enhancement Fee and Liquidity Fee;
- (b) any previously unpaid fees or other amounts owed to Fannie Mae; and
- (c) any applicable Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee that is due, broken down into the portions due to the Servicer and Fannie Mae.

The Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee is a percentage (as specified in the Note or Reimbursement Agreement) multiplied by the UPB of the Mortgage Loan after crediting the scheduled payment due on the date regular mortgage loan payments are due (in some transactions, the first of the month and in others, the 15th of the month) in which a prepayment takes place.

Fannie Mae's share of the Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee will be a percentage determined by dividing the sum of the Credit Facility Fee and the Liquidity Fee by the sum of the Credit Facility Fee, Liquidity Fee and the Servicing Fee.

No Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee is due in connection with an application of insurance proceeds or condemnation awards, a monthly deposit to the PRF, a redemption of Bonds from amounts transferred from the PRF to a redemption account, a reduction and amortization of the Mortgage Loan as a result of a Bond redemption, or an adjustment to a Reset Rate or a Fixed Rate.

For New Construction/Substantial Rehabilitation Mortgage Loans, other prepayment criteria may apply depending on the transaction structure.

Fannie Mae is not responsible for confirming any amounts owed to the Servicer at the time of the prepayment (e.g., any administrative fees due for services performed by the Servicer under a Collateral Agreement); however, the Servicer's payoff statement should clearly denote any such amounts so that Fannie Mae can distinguish them from amounts due exclusively to Fannie Mae and the Bond Trustee.

Fannie Mae will review the Servicer's figures and contact the Servicer to reconcile any discrepancies. Upon completion of its review and any necessary reconciliation, Fannie Mae will respond to the Servicer's verification request in writing. In its response, Fannie Mae will confirm the total payoff amount due to the Servicer from the Borrower, and will also separately confirm the amounts due to Fannie Mae from the Servicer, as well as individual items comprising such total amounts.

It is the Servicer's responsibility to prepare lien release documentation.



216.05 Prepayments: Prepayment Reporting

The Servicer must report the prepayment amount, including any applicable Prepayment Premium or Termination Fee due Fannie Mae and/or any redemption premium due the bondholders, to Fannie Mae in accordance with the reporting requirements contained in [Part V, Chapter 2: Reporting and Remitting, Section 216.01: Monthly Bond Credit Enhancement Reporting](#). The date the report is due depends on the execution type of the underlying transaction.

1. If the Mortgage Loan payments are due on the first of the month, the report is due on the fourth calendar day of the month in which the prepayment occurs, or the next Business Day if the fourth is not a Business Day.
2. If the Mortgage Loan payments are due on the 15th of the month, the report is due on the 15th of the month or the next Business Day if such day is not a Business Day.

216.06 Prepayments: Remittances

The Servicer must remit any Prepayment Premium and/or Termination Fee due Fannie Mae by 2:00 p.m. Eastern Time, on the next Business Day following the day on which the Borrower's prepayment is received.

Depending on the execution and transaction type, the Servicer must also be concerned with invoicing, collecting and remitting the principal amount of the Mortgage Loan to be prepaid. In all cases, the Servicer must invoice and collect the principal amount being prepaid from the Borrower. No prepayment of Direct Pay Facilities will be allowed until Fannie Mae receives the necessary funds from the Borrower.

Any prepayment of principal on any Mortgage Loan received by the Servicer shall be paid, as follows:

1. Standby Execution: Prepayments shall be remitted to the Bond Trustee not later than the Bond Business Day immediately after the date of receipt such funds by the Servicer; or
2. Direct Pay Execution: Prepayments shall be remitted to Fannie Mae on the same day as the Fannie Mae Advance to the Bond Trustee funding the corresponding bond redemption associated with the prepayment.

216.07 Reporting on Delinquency Status

The Servicer must electronically submit to Fannie Mae using the Multifamily Delinquency Early Warning System (DEWS), or any successor system selected by Fannie Mae to do such reporting, the monthly delinquency status of the Mortgage Loan on the 17th calendar day of the



month. If the 15th falls on a holiday or weekend, the System is available the next Business Day. The Servicer must plan around this one day window period for the purpose of reporting delinquencies. This rule applies to all execution and transaction types for DUS Bond Credit Enhancement.



Glossary

B

Bond Trustee	Trustee for a Credit Enhancement Instrument. Synonyms <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bond Trustee's
Bonds	Tax-exempt or taxable multifamily revenue bonds, or other tax-exempt or taxable bonds, issued to finance 1 or more Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan Properties. Synonyms <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bond
Borrower	Person who is the obligor per the Note. Synonyms <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Borrowers• Borrower's
Business Day	Any day other than a <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Saturday,• Sunday,• day when Fannie Mae is closed,• day when the Federal Reserve Bank of New York is closed, or• for any MBS and required remittance withdrawal, day when the Federal Reserve Bank is closed in the district where any of the MBS funds are held. Synonyms <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Business Days
CESIR	Credit Enhancement Servicing and Investor Reporting System

C



Collateral Agreement Agreement granting a security interest in Mortgage Loan collateral not covered by the Security Instrument.

Synonyms

- Collateral Agreements

Credit Enhancement Fee Fee due to Fannie Mae for a Credit Enhancement Instrument.

Credit Enhancement Instrument Agreement between Fannie Mae and a Bond Trustee where Fannie Mae provides credit enhancement of a Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, Bonds issued to finance a Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan, or an Interest Rate Hedge Agreement; and if applicable, a Bond liquidity facility.

Synonyms

- Credit Enhancement Instruments

Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan Mortgage Loan financed by a Bond issuance where Fannie Mae provides credit enhancement by

- a Credit Enhancement Instrument, or
- an MBS for Bonds.

Synonyms

- Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loans

Credit Facility Structured Transaction governed by a Master Credit Facility Agreement requiring Mortgage Loans and Properties to be

- cross-defaulted, and
- cross-collateralized.

Synonyms

- Credit Facilities
- Credit Facility's

D



DEWS Multifamily Delinquency Early Warning System used for reporting the monthly status of Non-Performing Mortgage Loans.

Direct Pay Credit enhancement under which Fannie Mae makes principal and interest payments directly to the Bond Trustee (for payment to bondholders) regardless of whether the Borrower has reimbursed Fannie Mae for such payments.

DUS Delegated Underwriting and Servicing

I

Indenture Bond issuer trust indenture or resolution listing Bond terms.

Investor MBS Investor for an MBS Mortgage Loan, or Fannie Mae for a Cash Mortgage Loan.

Synonyms

- Investors
- Investor's

Issuer Entity that:

- issues Bonds for a Credit Enhancement Mortgage Loan;
- packages mortgages for sale as a Security for an MBS;

or

- issues a Letter of Credit.

Synonyms

- Issuers

L



Loan Documents

All Fannie Mae-approved documents evidencing, securing, or guaranteeing the Mortgage Loan.

Synonyms

- Loan Document
- Mortgage Loan Document
- Mortgage Loan Documents

M

MBS

Mortgage-Backed Security

Mortgage Loan

Mortgage debt obligation evidenced, or when made will be evidenced, by

- the Loan Documents, or
- a mortgage debt obligation with a Fannie Mae credit enhancement.

Synonyms

- Mortgage Loans
- Mortgage Loan's

Multifamily Asset Management

Team that can be contacted at drawer_am@fanniemae.com.

N

New Construction

Property recently developed/constructed with any certificates of occupancy received within 12 months before the Commitment Date.



Note	<p>Instrument evidencing a Mortgage Loan obligation, including</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Form 6010 series,• any other Fannie Mae-approved note, and• all applicable<ul style="list-style-type: none">- addenda,- schedules, and- exhibits. <p>Synonyms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Notes
P	
P&I	Principal and interest
Prepayment Premium	<p>For a Mortgage Loan prepayment, amount the Borrower must pay in addition to the prepaid principal and accrued interest per the Loan Documents.</p> <p>Synonyms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Prepayment Premiums
PRF	<p>Account you hold accumulating principal amortization payments for variable rate Bond credit enhancements.</p> <p>Synonyms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Principal Reserve Fund
Property	<p>Multifamily residential real estate securing the Mortgage Loan, including the</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• fee simple or Leasehold interest,• Improvements, and• personal property (per the Uniform Commercial Code). <p>Synonyms</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Properties• Property's

R



Remarketing Agent

Person selected by the Issuer to reset the interest rate on the Bonds in order to resell any Bonds tendered by investors on the interest rate reset date.

S

Security

MBS, PFP MBS, or REMIC.

Synonyms

- Securities

Servicer

Primary Person servicing the Mortgage Loan, including

- the originator,
- seller, or
- a third party.

Synonyms

- Servicers
- Servicer's

Servicing Fee

Fee a Servicer receives for collecting payments, managing operational procedures, and assuming your portion of credit risk for a Mortgage Loan, and which may be expressed as a percentage.

Synonyms

- Servicing Fees

Standby

Credit enhancement under which Fannie Mae makes principal and interest payments directly to the Bond Trustee (for payment to bondholders) if the Borrower fails to make required mortgage note payments or if a bankruptcy event has occurred.

U



UPB

Unpaid Principal Balance

Synonyms

- UPBs