



Fannie Mae®

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# Multifamily Selling and Servicing Guide

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## 502.03 Flood Insurance

### 502.03A Generally

#### Operating Procedures

To determine if any buildings located at the Property are, or will be, fully or partially located in an SFHA, you must:

- use the FEMA Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form (SFHDF);
- evaluate all Property structures when ordering the SFHDF;
- provide the vendor supplemental Property information including the
  - legal description, and
  - survey or site plan;
- obtain an image overlay from Flood Vendor;
- ensure the resulting Flood Zone Determination (FZD) form, and any subsequent FZD forms, are effective for the entire Mortgage Loan term; and
- retain a signed copy in your Servicing File.

#### Requirements

You must ensure the Property has flood insurance if:

- any income-producing Improvements or any non-income producing Improvements that support amenities are in an SFHA Zone starting with the letter A or V; or
- the Property is located within a Coastal Barrier Resources System (CBRS) or Otherwise Protected Area (OPA), regardless of if the Property is located in an SFHA.

A Mortgage Loan is ineligible for purchase if the Property is in:

- an SFHA; and
- a community that does not participate in the NFIP.

You must:

- complete the most recent version of the Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form issued by FEMA;



- retain in your Servicing File a
  - copy of the form, and
  - signed copy of Notice to Borrower of Special Flood Hazard and Federal Assistance;
- require the determination firm, and any monitoring company, to notify you whenever there is a flood zone change; and
- ensure the coverage:
  - meets the minimum mandatory purchase requirements per:
    - the following Federal flood insurance statutes, as amended and/or restated from time to time, including the:
      - National Flood Insurance Act of 1968 (1968 Act);
      - Biggert-Waters Flood Insurance Reform Act of 2012 (Biggert Waters);
      - Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 (FDPA); and
      - Homeowner Flood Insurance Affordability Act of 2014; and
    - any applicable Federal agency rulemaking and publication; and
  - equals at least 100% of the Insurable Value of
    - the first 2 floors above grade, and
    - any Improvements below grade;
- require contents coverage for Borrower-owned personal property;
- ensure you have an established process to obtain an inventory and the Insurable Value of Borrower-owned contents or business personal property within buildings located in SFHAs to determine required coverage; and
- retain documentation of the presence or absence of Borrower-owned contents or business personal property within the building and in your Servicing File.

## Guidance

Generally, contents or business personal property:

- includes equipment and inventory



- owned by the Borrower, and
- used in connection with Property's
  - ownership,
  - management, or
  - operation; and
- does not otherwise constitute fixtures.

## 502.03B Deductibles

### ☒ Requirements

You must comply with the following tables.

Flood Maximum Deductibles	
For...	You must ensure the...
Business income insurance	deductible does not exceed: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• when expressed as a number of days, 15 days; or</li><li>• when expressed as a dollar amount, \$100,000.</li></ul>
NFIP policies	maximum deductible available under NFIP is acceptable.

Private Flood Policy Maximum Deductibles	
If the Property has...	Then maximum deductible per occurrence is...
10 or fewer buildings in SFHA	\$50,000
More than 10 buildings in SFHA	\$500,000

## 502.03C NFIP Policy

### ☒ Requirements

You must comply with the following table.



NFIP and Excess Flood Coverage	
If...	Then...
Coverage available under the NFIP is insufficient	the Borrower must purchase excess flood insurance covering the difference, up to the required coverage amount.
Per elevation certificates completed by a licensed land surveyor, engineer, or architect: <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• any of the building's Lowest Adjacent Grade (LAG) are above Base Flood Elevation (BFE); and</li><li>• the Borrower confirms application for a Letter of Map Amendment (LoMA)</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• only NFIP insurance is required for those buildings, and</li><li>• the maximum term for only NFIP insurance is 12 months.</li></ul>

To remove a Property/building from an SFHA, only an updated FEMA Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form (SFHDF) based on the following is acceptable:

- Letter of Map Amendment (LoMA);
- Letter of Map Revision (LoMR); or
- Letter of Determination Review (LoDR).

If a LoMA was previously declined, you must ensure the Borrower is reapplying due to:

- new or corrected elevation data;
- a Property change or additional documentation; or
- updated information to address a previous declination.

During the LoMA process:

- only NFIP insurance is required provided the declination was not based on a fundamental issue (such as the Property being located below the Base Flood Elevation (BFE)); and
- the maximum term for NFIP insurance is 12 months.

If any Improvements are reclassified as within an SFHA Zone starting with the letter A or V after you Deliver the Mortgage Loan, you must require the Borrower to obtain compliant flood insurance.



## → Guidance

To prevent the Borrower from paying for more coverage than an NFIP policy would pay out, you should evaluate the extent of recovery allowed under the NFIP policy for the type of building being insured.

If all buildings do not require flood insurance, but the Property ingress is located in an SFHA, you should consider requiring business income insurance for excess flood to cover all buildings.

Flood insurance is not required if only unimproved portions of the Property, or non-income producing Improvements that do not support amenities at the Property, are located in an SFHA.

Non-Income Producing Improvements	
Supporting amenities include...	Not supporting amenities include...
<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• clubhouses, and</li><li>• pool houses.</li></ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• sheds,</li><li>• pump houses, and</li><li>• storage buildings.</li></ul>

Business income insurance is not required for non-income producing Improvements.

You should consider that

- conditions may change over time, and
- flood zones may be remapped.

You or Fannie Mae may require flood insurance for Improvements outside an SFHA Zone starting with the letter A or V, but within an area designated by FEMA as Zone X or Zone D (for example, if a Property's location is subject to flooding due to storm water, or within close proximity to an SFHA boundary).

The acceptable deductible for excess flood insurance is the coverage limit of the underlying NFIP policy.

Elevation certificates are not valid to determine if Improvements are in an SFHA.

You should:

- obtain flood zone determinations from qualified third-party flood-zone determination firms; and
- exercise care and sound judgment when selecting the firm.

## ✻ Operating Procedures



You must:

- obtain life-of-loan monitoring for each Property from a third-party flood-zone determination firm;
- complete FEMA's Standard Flood Hazard Determination form to determine if any Improvements are located in an SFHA; and
- retain in your Servicing File:
  - a completed copy of the form;
  - a signed copy of the Notice to Borrower of Special Flood Hazard and Federal Assistance (included in the Flood Determination Certificate); and
  - if you permitted a reduced amount of excess flood insurance,
    - your analysis, and
    - related documentation supporting the economic feasibility and reduction amount.

#### **502.03D** Private Flood Policy

##### Requirements

You must ensure a private flood insurance policy:

- is written on a Replacement Cost Valuation basis without any deduction for depreciation; and
- provides coverage and terms as broad as or better than the coverage and terms provided under a standard flood insurance policy issued under the NFIP.





# Glossary

## B

**Borrower** Person who is the obligor per the Note.

### Synonyms

- Borrowers
- Borrower's

## F

**FEMA** Federal Emergency Management Agency

### Synonyms

- FEMA's

## H

**Homeowner** For an MH Community, a tenant of the Borrower who pays ground rent to the owner for use and occupancy of the MH Site and for use of the MH Community's utilities and amenities.

### Synonyms

- Homeowners

## I

**Improvements** Buildings, structures, improvements, and alterations, including the multifamily housing dwellings, now or hereafter constructed or placed on the Property, including all fixtures (as defined in the UCC).

### Synonyms

- Improvements'



## Insurable Value

For any Property, the estimate of the maximum dollar amount needed to replace, repair, or reproduce the Property, but excluding any land value.

### **Synonyms**

- Insurable Values

## **M**

## Mortgage Loan

Mortgage debt obligation evidenced, or when made will be evidenced, by

- the Loan Documents, or
- a mortgage debt obligation with a Fannie Mae credit enhancement.

### **Synonyms**

- Mortgage Loans
- Mortgage Loan's

## **P**

## Property

Multifamily residential real estate securing the Mortgage Loan, including the

- fee simple or Leasehold interest,
- Improvements, and
- personal property (per the Uniform Commercial Code).

### **Synonyms**

- Properties
- Property's

## **S**

## Servicing File

Your file for each Mortgage Loan serviced.

### **Synonyms**

- Servicing Files